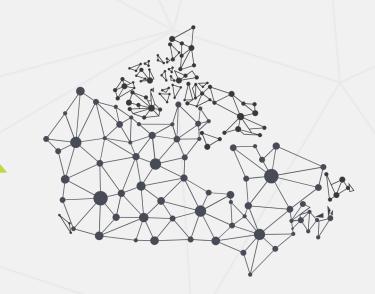
5% Target in Indigenous Procurement

May 2023







Introductions

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(Indigenous Procurement Policy Directorate)

The 5% Target

Directive on the Management of Procurement

The directive ensures that procurement of goods, services and construction obtains the necessary assets and services that support the delivery of programs and services to Canadians, while ensuring best value to the Crown.

Appendix E: Mandatory Procedures for Contracts Awarded to Indigenous Businesses

- The Government of Canada is committed to economic reconciliation with Indigenous peoples and will contribute to improved socio-economic outcomes by increasing opportunities for First Nations, Inuit and Métis businesses through the federal procurement process.
- Departments are to meet or exceed the 5% target no later than the fiscal year-end of 2024–
 25, as set out in the schedule prescribed by Indigenous Services Canada.
- Mandatory procedures include:
 - Planning for contracts awarded to Indigenous businesses
 - Providing opportunities for Indigenous businesses
 - Reporting on contracts awarded to Indigenous businesses



How the 5% is calculated yearly

[X] = Total value of contracts awarded to *Indigenous businesses*

[Y] = Total value of contracts awarded

[Z] = Deputy Head approved exclusions

What counts towards the 5%?*

Contracts and subcontracts awarded to Indigenous Businesses



IBD Definition:

a sole proprietorship, limited company, cooperative, not-for-profit organization, or a joint venture or partnership in which Indigenous persons have at least 51% ownership and control and is registered on the Indigenous Business Directory (IBD) at contract award.

Modern Treaty / CLCA Beneficiary Businesses: Definitions vary, please refer to each Modern Treaty for specific definitions.

*Socio-economic benefits (e.g., employment, training, skills development) will not count towards the 5% Target. However, departments will be encouraged to track and report on them in the Departmental Results Report.

Phased Implementation of 5% for Client Departments

Departments have been grouped into phases based on their readiness to meet the 5% target:

Phase 1: Departments on track to meet the 5% Target (32);

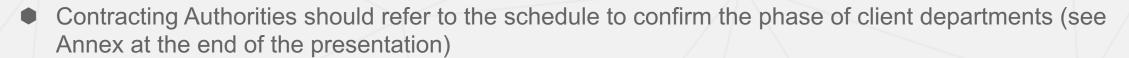
1 April 2022 – 31 March 2023

Phase 2: Departments in transition (20)

1 April 2023 – 31 March 2024

Phase 3: Departments still to be assessed (42)

1 April 2024 - 31 March 2025



PSPC as common service provider, will be required to provide Indigenous contracting data (value of contracts and subcontracts) to clients within three months after end of fiscal starting FY 2022-2023.



Reporting Cycle

First Call Letter (ISC)

By the end of each calendar year, Indigenous Services Canada (ISC) will issue an annual call letter to all government departments and agencies



Departmental Procurement Plans (Departments)

In response to the First Call Letter, Deputy Heads will submit procurement plans for meeting the mandatory minimum target for the following fiscal year.



Second Annual Call Letter (ISC)

ISC will issue a second annual call letter requesting submission of these reports no later than 2 months after fiscal year end.



Annual Performance Report (Departments)

Performance against the 5% target will be tracked by annual *performance reports*, which will be submitted in response to the second call letter within **6 months of fiscal year end**.



Government-wide Performance

ISC will consolidate all departmental information and publish the Government of Canada's performance against the 5% target within 12 months following the end of each fiscal year, starting in FY 2022-2023.

What does this mean for you?

Every procurement must be assessed for Indigenous Participation

◆ All procurement activities are subject to the 5% mandatory minimum target, unless it can be demonstrated that Indigenous participation is impossible, in which case it must be documented to file and the client department will seek an exemption. (All exemptions will require Deputy Head approval).

Early engagement between Contracting Authorities and Business Owners

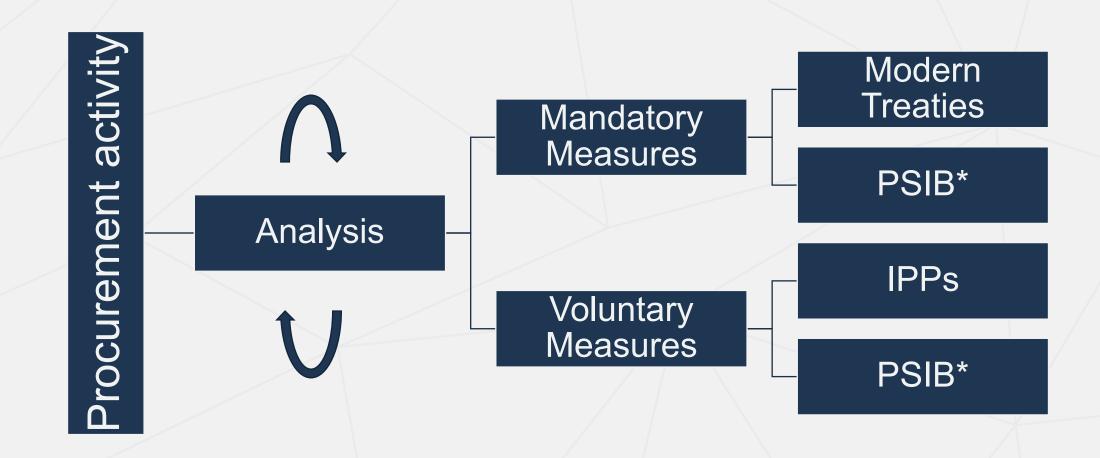
- Analysis of the Statement of Work: Work with your client to determine whether mandatory measures must be applied (e.g., is the procurement subject to Modern Treaties, or can PSIB set aside be considered).
- Conducting Indigenous Capacity Assessments: Determine Indigenous capacity (e.g. verify IBD, search CLCA business lists, conduct an RFI, NPP, etc.). Contact Procurement Assistance Canada (PAC) and/or Indigenous Services Canada (ISC) for assistance in assessing capacity.
- Structuring and Unbundling: Pursue all reasonable opportunities for Indigenous businesses to submit competitive bids. Note that this is also a requirement under several Modern Treaties (CLCAs).

Indigenous Procurement Strategies

General Principles

- Commensurate Efforts: Efforts to include Indigenous Participation should always be commensurate with the value and scope of the procurement activity.
- Best Value: We should consider positive outcomes for Indigenous communities and efforts towards economic reconciliation in our understanding of best value.
- Promise of a Process: Commitment to an inclusive analysis, not a specific result.
- Documentation: Efforts to include Indigenous Participation should always be documented thoroughly, bot as a way to demonstrate our due diligences but also to build a better understanding of Indigenous capacity.

Summary of Indigenous Procurement



Mandatory and Voluntary Measures

Mandatory Measures:

- Must be applied to your procurement activity and
- will dictate your Indigenous Procurement Strategy to an extent;
- should be identified early.

◆ Voluntary Measures:

- Are applied on a voluntary basis.
- Allow for more flexibility, but create more responsibility.
- Should be outlined early.

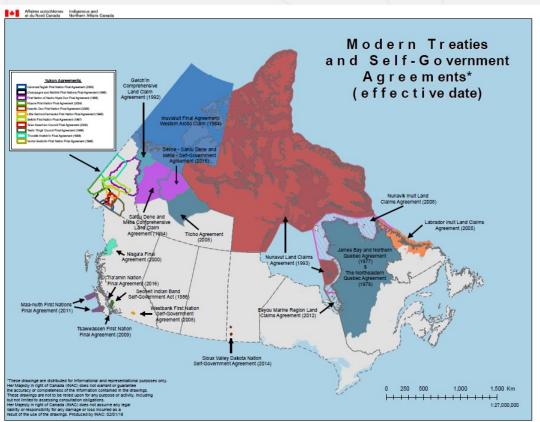
It's also possible to use some voluntary measures to support implementation of mandatory measures, when the latter allows. For example, including an IPP into a mandatory PSIB requierment.

Successful Indigenous Procurement Strategy

- ◆ Analysis: Understanding the requirement, how it might intersect with Indigenous capacity and priorities is the first step.
 - This is where we determine whether or not mandatory measures apply.
- Review and Revise: the Statement of Work should be reviewed and potentially revised to afford maximum opportunity to intersect with Indigenous capacity and priorities.
 - Examples could include unbundling, changing solicitation timelines, notification, delivery areas, etc.
- Engage: Engagement with Indigenous communities (where applicable) will help in determining Indigenous capacity and priorities.

Mandatory Measure: Modern Treaties

- Modern treaties are also known as Comprehensive Land Claim Agreements (CLCAs)
- They give clarity to how land and resource rights and ownership will be managed. Modern treaties are in place to ensure fair treatment of Indigenous and Inuit interests with respect to cultural, social, political and economic rights, including rights to lands, and to fish and hunt and practice their own cultures
- The rights defined in them are constitutionally protected within section 35 of the Constitution Act, 1982
- In Canada, there are 25 modern treaties.
 Their locations: Yukon (11), Northwest
 Territories (4), Nunavut (1), Quebec (4),
 Newfoundland and Labrador (1) and
 British Columbia (4)



Canada

Procurement Strategy for Indigenous Businesses

Procurement Strategy for Indigenous Businesses (PSIB): The Government of Canada can limit bidding or "set aside" certain procurements for competition among Indigenous businesses only. Contracts awarded to Indigenous businesses in Canada can will count towards the 5% Target as long as they are registered on the PSIB Indigenous Business Directory* at contract award.

- Mandatory PSIB: If the contract is in an area, community or group in which Indigenous people make up at least 51% of the population and the Indigenous population will be the primary recipient of the goods, services or construction.
- **Voluntary PSIB**: Indigenous business capacity exists and the department or agency can assure that operational requirements, best value and contracting management can be met.
- Conditional PSIB: When it is difficult to determine Indigenous business capacity, the procurement is open to both Indigenous and non-Indigenous businesses. However, if 2 or more Indigenous businesses submit a bid, then the procurement is set aside under PSIB (only the Indigenous firms who submitted a bid would be assessed).

Indigenous Participation Plans (IPP): can also be included (for PSIB requirements) to detail how Indigenous businesses and people will be involved in the contract work.

*CLCA businesses will not be required to register on the Indigenous Business Directory

Voluntary Measures: IPPs

- Indigenous Participation Plans (IPPs) are mechanisms you can use to include Indigenous component in your procurement activity.
- Indigenous Participation Plans are prepared by bidders and are a series of commitments to include various Indigenous components in their contracts (ex. subcontracts, employment, training, etc.)
- ◆ IPPs respond to criteria developed as part of the solicitation and would ideally be found at the best possible intersection of indigenous capacity and requirements.

Indigenous Procurement Checklist

- Meant to be filled out with clients and included in the procurement file.
- Used soon in the procurement process in order assess procurement activities for Indigenous participation.
- Will help PSPC procurement officers in determining the best approach for Indigenous participation along with their clients.

INDIGENOUS PROCUREMENT CHECKLIST LISTE DE VÉRIFICATION DE L'APPROVISIONNEMENT AUPRÈS DES **AUTOCHTONES**

The 5% target is a mandatory requirement for federal Les ministères et organismes fédéraux ont l'obligation departments and agencies to ensure a minimum of 5% of d'attribuer au moins 5 % de la valeur totale de leurs the total value of each department and agencies contracts marchés à des entreprises autochtones. Par exemple, si are awarded to Indigenous businesses. For example, if a la valeur totale des contrats d'un ministère est de department awards 100 million dollars in contracts, at least 100 millions de dollars, au moins 5 millions de dollars 5 million of awarded contracts should go to Indigenous businesses. All procurement activities should be considered for the minimum target of 5%. The following can be counted towards the target:

doivent être attribués ou offerts en sous-traitance à des entreprises autochtones. Toutes les activités d'approvisionnement doivent être prises en compte pour l'objectif minimum de 5 %. Les éléments suivants peuvent être comptabilisé :

Indigenous Procurement Checklist

- 1. Is your requirement subject to any mandatory measures, such as a Modern Treaty (also known as Comprehensive Land Claim Agreement (CLCA's)) or a Mandatory set-aside under the Procurement Strategy for Indigenous Businesses (PSIB)?
- 2. Has your Department determined if this requirement should include voluntary Indigenous procurement measures?
- 3. Is your requirement geographically limited such that specific Indigenous interests should be considered in the development of an Indigenous Participation Plan?
- 4. Have you identified areas of particular interest for relevant Indigenous group(s) which should be taken into account in the development of an Indigenous Participation plan (i.e. Interests in particular sites or locations, priority on employment or training, local capacity, etc.)?
- 5. Has your Department conducted a market research activity to determine Indigenous capacity (i.e. Indigenous Business Directory (IBD); Indigenous Services Canada (ISC); a Request for Information (RFI), TBIPS search, etc.)?

Questions?

